### LCF02-5DO RS485 Modbus

Fancoil controller (Flush mounting)



### **Datasheet**

Subject to technical alteration Issue date: 05.04.2018 • A003



# **Application**

The fancoil room controller has been designed for individual control of temperature in commercial, industrial and residential buildings. It is tailored for two-pipe fan coil with two-wire electric valves. With its flush mounted modern design the device combines digital technology with a large LCD display and additional buttons, which enables the single room controller to be used intuitively.

### Security Advice – Caution



The installation and assembly of electrical equipment should only be performed by authorized personnel.

The product should only be used for the intended application. Unauthorised modifications are prohibited! The product must not be used in relation with any equipment that in case of a failure may threaten, directly or indirectly, human health or life or result in danger to human beings, animals or assets. Ensure all power is disconnected before installing. Do not connect to live/operating equipment.



CAUTION! Risk of electric shock due to live components within the enclosure, especially devices with mains voltage supply (usually between  $90..265\ V$ ).

Please comply with

- Local laws, health & safety regulations, technical standards and regulations
- Condition of the device at the time of installation, to ensure safe installation
- This data sheet and installation manual

### Notes on Disposal



As a component of a large-scale fixed installation, K&P products are intended to be used permanently as part of a building or a structure at a pre-defined and dedicated location, hence the Waste Electrical and Electronic Act (WEEE) is not applicable. However, most of the products may contain valuable materials that should be recycled and not disposed of as domestic waste. Please note the relevant regulations for local disposal.

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### **Remarks to Room Sensors**

#### **Location and Accuracy of Room Sensors**

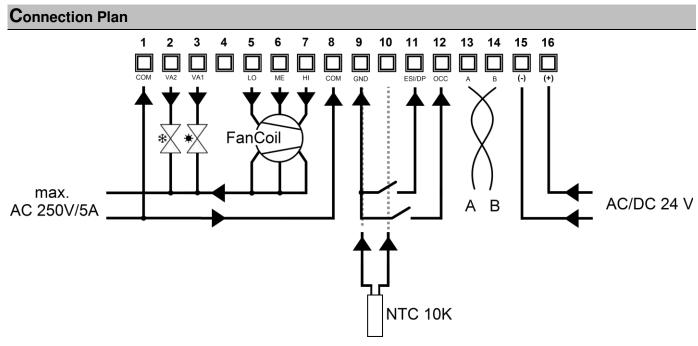
The room sensor should be mounted in a suitable location for measuring accurate room temperature. The accuracy of the temperature measurement also depends directly on the temperature dynamics of the wall. It is important, that the back plate is completely flush to the wall so that there is sufficient circulation of air through the vents in the cover, otherwise, deviations in temperature measurement will occur due to uncontrolled air circulation. The temperature sensor should not be covered by furniture or other objects. Mounting next to doors (due to draught) or windows (due to colder outside wall) should be avoided.

#### Surface and Flush Mounting

The measuring result is influenced by the thermal characteristics of the wall. A solid concrete wall responds to thermal fluctuations within a room in a much slower than a light-weight structure wall. Room temperature sensors installed in flush-mounted boxes have a longer response time to thermal variations. In extreme cases they detect the radiant heat of the wall even if the air temperature in the room is lower for example. The quicker the dynamics of the wall (temperature acceptance of the wall) or the longer the selected inquiry interval of the temperature sensor is the smaller the deviations limited in time are.

Technical Data		
Measuring values	temperature	
Output switch contact	terminal 2   3 – normally open contact, 250 V load max 3 A (cooling via 2-point control or PWM)	terminal 5   6   7 - LO   ME   HI 3x normally open contact, 250 V load max. 3 A, Fan
Network technology	RS485 Modbus, RTU, half-duplex, baud rate 4.800, 9.0 or odd (1 stopbit)	600, 19.200 or 38.400, parity: non (2 stopbits), even
Power supply	24 V =   24 V ~	
Power consumption	3 W (24 V =)	
Measuring range temp.	+1+50 °C	
Accuracy temperature	±1 K (typ. at 21 °C, offset adjusted)	
Inputs	terminal 11 – ESI   DP input digital for floating contact, window contact, dew point sensor	terminal 12 - OCC input digital for floating contact, occupancy sensor, key card switch
Control functions	set point adjustment +1+50 °C, (default +16+30 °C)	
Display	LCD 64x41 mm, white background lighting	
Enclosure	ABS, pure white	
Protection	IP20 according to EN 60529	
Cable entry	rear entry	
Connection electrical	terminal block max. 1,5 mm <sup>2</sup>	
Ambient condition	-10+50 °C, max. 95% rH non-condensing	
Weight	160 g	
Mounting	flush mounted with standard EU box (Ø=55 mm)	

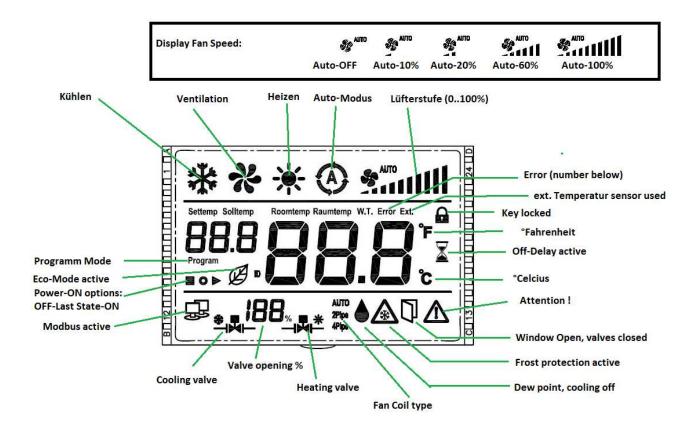
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### Controller output signal

	4-pipe (default)	2-pipe
VA2 – terminal 2	Cooling	Heating & Cooling
VA1 – terminal 3	Heating	

# **Display Panel**



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## **Function Description#**

#### **Communication Modbus**

Communication-section	1247	
Factory default:	1	
Address 0:	broadcast address	
Communication-Interface:	RS485	
Communication-Protocol:	Modbus-RTU	
Baud Rate:	4800 bps / 9600 bps / 19200 bps / 38400 bps (optional)	
Factory default:	9600 bps	
Parity:	no parity / odd parity / straight parity (optional)	
Factory default:	no parity	
Data:	8 bit	
Stop:	2 bit	



During device start-up the version and type number are displayed on the start screen for a short time.

While the fan coil thermostat is communicating via the bus, the communication symbol starts flashing. If the device does not communicate via the bus, the symbol will be disappear after 10 seconds.

#### Parameter table

To enter the parameter table, press the "Mode Key for more than 5s. Once the Display comes on, it will prompt for the password (default 987). The password can be entered digit by digit. Each digit can be increased / decreased using the "▲"or "▼" keys. With the "Mode Key" the next digit will be selected.

Each parameter can be increased / decreased using the "▲"or "▼" keys. With the "Mode Key" the display will move on to the next parameter. Once the end of the table is reached the parameter setting will be exited to normal operation.

No.	Name of parameter	Parameter definition	Factory default
1	Modbus address	ID.1- ID.247	1
2	Baud rate	1:4800bps,2:9600,3:19200,4:38400	2
3	Parity	0:none, 1:odd 2:even	0
4	Stop Bits	1 = 1 Stopbit; 2, = 2 Stopbits	2
5	Temperature Offset Internal	-5,0 K+5,0 K	0
	Sensor		O
6	Temperature Offset	-5,0 K+5,0 K	0
	External Sensor		O
7	Piping system	0 = 2-pipe, 1 = 4-pipe	1
8		Setting Parameter to 1 and press the Mode Key resets the device to	
	Reset to Factory Settings	factory settings. Device stays in Parameter menu for Modbus	0
		configuration	

The Fancoil controller is designed for fan coil units with 2- or 4-pipe systems for heating and cooling. The selection of the fan coil system has to be done via the parameter No. 7. 2-pipe or 4-pipe system can be selected.

#### Heating/ cooling with 2-point-/ 3-point-controller (Register address 0x0130)

In the case of temperature control, the 2-point controller only knows the switching states heating ON and heating OFF. The 3-point controller also knows the switching state of cooling. Two - and three-point controller work with a hysteresis.

### Heating/ cooling with PI-controller (PWM) (Register address 0x0130)

The time response of the PI control loop depends on the control parameters xp for the proportional area and tn for the reset time of the integral range. In case of an error, the P portion immediately changes the position value proportionally to the error variable, while the integral portion takes effect after a certain time. The resulting actuating variable is output as a pulse-width-modulated signal directly to the outputs.

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#### Operating mode

Press the "Mode Key" , to adjust the mode cyclically (Cooling > Ventilating > Auto mode > Heating ...).

In 2-pipe configuration not available modes (depending on the change-over sensor's signal) will be skipped. In this case the user can select the available modes only.

### Standby / ECO / ON

The Power-Button switches the device from Stand-by to ON. In Standby the display is off, but the control loop is actively monitoring the temperature and will activate the heating output if the room temperature drops below the frost protection threshold.

In case the external sensor is configured as a temperature limiter, the heating valve will be closed in case the threshold value will be exceeded. Besides the frost protection the device shall monitor a high limit as well in case the external sensor input is configured as a temperature limiter. This is the case for floor heating systems, where the external sensor is embedded in the floor. In case the floor temperature will exceed a certain threshold the heating valve shall be closed to avoid damaging the floor or the pipes embedded in the floor.

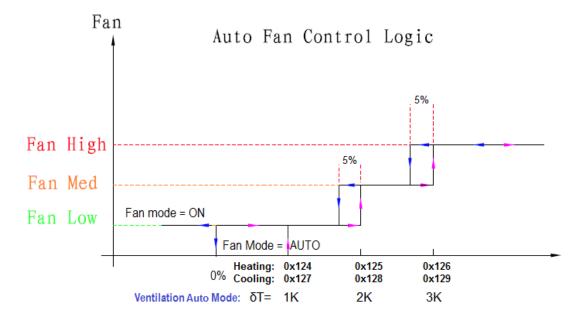
Pressing the button once switches the display on and the device to ECO mode. In ECO mode it controls the room temperature to the setpoint predefined by register 275 and 276 (0x0113, 0x0114). The display will show the average of both ECO Setpoint Temperatures (25+18 /2=21,5) and the leaf symbol to indicate the ECO mode. In ECO mode the setpoint is fixed and the device does not react to any button pressed by the user besides pressing the Stand-by /ECO/ON button a 2nd time. Then it will switch from ECO to comfort mode. To indicate that the Fancoil thermostat is in ECO mode it will show the leaf and the word ECO in the display.

In case an occupancy sensor is connected to one of the inputs the mode will change from ECO to comfort as soon as the input becomes active and the previously used Setpoint will be restored and the leaf symbol will not be showing any more.

#### Fan control

If the fan is configured to be 1-stage or 2-stage the selection will be adapted accordingly. In "ventilating mode", the valves will be closed. If the fan speed is set to Auto the steps are switched depending on the temperature difference between the setpoint value and the current temperature value.

In auto mode heating or cooling, the fan level is calculated from the output of the PI loop (control variable).



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#### °F/°C selective

Temp display range is 32 °F..99 °F, respectively 0 °C..50 °C (factory default is °C).

#### **Temperature offset correction** (Register address 0x0106)

The internal sensor will be affected by the Thermostat's self-heating. As a consequence it would display a higher room temperature than the average of indoor temperature (real value). Item 5 & 6 of the parameter table does contain the correction of temperature offset (resolution 0,1 °C).

#### Set the Temperature set point range (Register address 0x0110 - 0x0112)

Press "▲"or "▼" key to adjust the temperature set point range. Factory default (°C) is 16 °C..30 °C.

Key lock selection (Register address 0x010D)

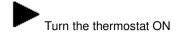
If a key is pressed that is locked, the lock symbol appear for 2s and blink 2x but no further action is taken.

Power failure - Restart selection (Register address 0x010C)

On the LCD, there are three symbols that define how the thermostat will restart after a power failure:

Keep thermostat switched OFF

Switch thermostat to last state before power failure (Record and Memorize)



#### Memo while the power failure

The status will be kept in EEPROM, while the power failure, so no data will be lost.

#### Occupancy (OCC)

If the input is configured for an Occupancy sensor. If the sensor indicates "UnOccupied" the current setpoint will be replaced by the Eco Mode Setpoint Temp. The display will show the leaf symbol and the lettering ECO to indicate the ECO mode. Once the room occupancy is detected again the previously used Setpoint will be restored and the leaf symbol will not be showing any more.

#### Window contact (ESI)

If the input is configured as window contact, the "Window open" Symbol will be displayed the thermostat will check every 3 seconds the input whether active. The cooling valve will be closed as long as the input will be active. The rest of the thermostat will work as usual, the user may change the setpoint or the fan stage, but the valve outputs will remain in valve closed position. If

configured the "Window open" or the Dew Point symbol will be flashing. When the input will not be active, the thermostat's outputs return to normal operation and operates the outputs normally.

#### Sensor failure alarm

In case the room NTC temp sensor is open or short, thermostat switches fan to medium and the valve to 50% (5V output, 50% duty cycle for PWM and ON/OFF). The display will show (blinking) error code: "E1" Thermostat will allow to control fan manually as well as the valve output using the " $\blacktriangle$ " representation of the " $\blacktriangle$ " representation of the " $\blacktriangle$ " will decrement / increment the output voltage by 1V = 10% AND the PWM by 10%. The percentage is shown in the display.

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# Input Register

	Address	Access	Description	Resoluti	on / Unit
0	0x0000	Read-only	T Model identification 0xFF00 = FC182 LCF-5DO		
1	0x0001	Read-only	<b>Firmware-Version</b> e.g. 0x1A20 = 1.10.2.0		
2	0x0002	Read-only	Back-Box type 05 = DO5R		
3	0x0003	Read-only	Value of the integrated temperature sensor °C 0500 -> 050,0°C	0,1	°C
4	0x0004	Read-only	fan status  0x00 = Manual OFF  0x01 = Manual low  0x02 = Manual medium  0x04 = Manual high  0x08 = Auto OFF  0x09 = Auto low  0x0A = Auto medium  0x0C = Auto high		
5	0x0005	Read-only	<b>VA1 status</b> 0-100 0 = 0 (Off)100% (On), e.g. 693 = 69,3% of PWM cycle time ON		
6	0x0006	Read-only	<b>VA2 status</b> 0-100 0 = 0 (Off)100% (On), e.g. 693 = 69,3% of PWM cycle time ON		
8	0x0008	Read-only	external temperature sensor °C 200+1000 -> -20,0+100,0°C	0,1	°C
9	0x0009	Read-only	failure status  0x00=no failure  0x01= control loop temperature sensor alarm  0x02=external temperature sensor high limit Alarm  0x04=external temperature sensor low limit Alarm  0x08= change over sensor missing alarm		
10	0x000A	Read-only	External input 1 0 = Contact Open, 1= contact closed (for window contact, dew point sensor)		
11	0x000B	Read-only	External input 2 0 = Contact Open, 1= contact closed (for OCC-sensor, keycard Switch)		

# **Holding Register**

	Address	Access	Description	Resolution	/ Unit	Defaul
256	0x0100	Read-write	Customer set Device location identification 1247	1.0	1.0	
257	0x0101	Read-write	LCD Temperature Unit 0=°C 1=°F			0
258	0x0102	Read-write	Beeper Intensity 0=Off 1=Max			1
259	0x0103	Read-write	Backlight intensity operated 0100	1.0	%	80
260	0x0104	Read-write	Backlight intensity non operated 0100	1.0	%	20
261	0x0105	Read-write	Backlight operating delay setting 0 = always ON 1255 = 1255 seconds ON	1.0	S	15
262	0x0106	Read-write	Internal Sensor Temperature Offset (added to meaured value) -5050 -> -5,05,0°C	0.1	°C	0
263	0x0107	Read-write	external Sensor Temperature Offset (added to meaured value) -5050 -> -5,05,0°C	0.1	°C	0
264	0x0108	Read-write	Display language 0= German 1 = English			0
265	0x0109	Read-write	Individual passwords setting 001-999, default=987, 000 = no password			987
266	0x010A	Read-write	External temperature (limiter) sensor high limit (338=3, for limiter) -200+1000 -> -20,0+100,0°C	0.1	°C	40
267	0x010B	Read-write	External temperature (limiter) sensor low limit (338=3, for limiter) -200+1000 -> -20,0+100,0°C	0.1	°C	0
268	0x010C	Read-write	Power failure 0=keep off after power-on-reset			1

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			1=return to last state after power failure 2=switch on after power-on-reset
269	0x010D	Read-write	Key-lock  0x00=unlocked  0x01=lock on/off  0x02=lock mode  0x04=lock clock (FC 261 only)  0x08=lock fan speed  0x10=lock temp setting  0x1F=lock all keystrokes  Once a locked key is pressed the LOCK symbol shall be displayed and blink twice.
270	0x010E	Read-write	Display Settings  0b00000001= show Setpoint (if no setpoint is shown the setpoint keys are locked = 0x010D = 0x10=lock temp setting) 0b0000010= show Room temperature 0b00001000 = show valve symbol 0b00001000 = show PI-Loop percentage 0bxxx10000 = show Room temperature from Register 0x207 (if only room temp or setpoint is shown, then in big numbers)

Set point settings								
	Address	Access	Description	Resoluti	Default			
271	0x010F	Read-write	<b>Default Setpoint after Power On Reset</b> 0500 -> 050,0°C	0.1	°C	210		
272	0x0110	Read-write	Setpoint temperature lower limit 0500 -> 050,0°C	0.1	°C	160		
273	0x0111	Read-write	Setpoint temperature upper limit 0500 -> 050,0°C	0.1	°C	300		
274	0x0112	Read-write	Setpoint increment/decrement value 1100 -> 0,110,0°C	0.1	°C	5		
275	0x0113	Read-write	ECO mode temperature setpoint cooling 250450 = 25,045,0°C	0.1	°C	300		
276	0x0114	Read-write	ECO mode temperature setpoint heating 120240 = 12,024,0°C	0.1	°C	190		

PI controller								
	Address	Access	Description	Resolution / Unit	Default			
277	0x0115	Read-only	Controller mode  0b0000 0000=FC182 off (Frost protection active), Comfort Mode 0b0000 0001= controler auto mode (heating&cooling), Comfort Mode 0b0000 0010= controller heating mode only, Comfort Mode 0b0000 0011= controller cooling mode only, Comfort Mode 0b0000 0100= ventilating (PI loop controls fan stages only, valves closed)  0b0001 0000= FC182 off (Frost protection active), ECO Mode 0b0001 0001= controller auto mode (heating&cooling), ECO Mode 0b0001 0010= controller heating mode only, ECO Mode 0b0001 0011= controller cooling mode only, ECO Mode 0b0001 0100= ventilating (PI loop controls fan stages only, valves closed)		1			
278	0x0116	Read-write	Fan coil type 0b0000000 = 2-pipe: cooling&heating with Change-Over 0b0000001 = 4-pipe: cooling&heating		1			
279	0x0117	Read-write	Fan stages and operation modes  0b00000000 = none, (fan key is locked the fan symbol will be faded on the LCD)  0bxxxx0001 = single stage;  0bxxxx0010 = 2 stages  0bxxxx0011 = 3 stages  0bxxxx1000 = EC Fan  0b0001xxxx = fan works not in heating mode  0b0010xxxx = fan works not in cooling/ventilation mode  (0b0011xxxx = fan works not in heating & cooling mode)		3			

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280	0x0118	Read-write	Start fan at highest stage for _ seconds 060 -> fan start at highest fan stage for 060s seconds	1.0	S	0
281	0x0119	Read-write	Fan OFF-Delay 0= fan never stops 1255 = Fan stops 1255 minutes after valves closing	1.0	min	15
282	0x011A	Read-write	PWM Cycle time DO5R: 0 = no PWM for valves but 2-point control			15
283	0x011B	Read-write	Deadband 1100 -> 0,110,0K	0.1	K	10
284	0x011C	Read-write	Heating Proportional Band Xp_heat 1100 -> 0,110,0°C	0.1	°C	20
285	0x011D	Read-write	Heating Integration Time Tn_heat 0255 = 0255 Minutes	1.0	min	30
286	0x011E	Read-write	Cooling Proportional Band Xp_cool 1100 -> 0,110,0°C	0.1	°C	20
287	0x011F	Read-write	Cooling Integration Time Tn_cool 0255 = 0255 Minutes	1.0	min	30
288	0x0120	Read-write	Minimal limit of the control variable heat 0100	1.0	%	0
289	0x0121	Read-write	Maximal limit of the control variable heat 0100	1.0	%	100
290	0x0122	Read-write	Minimal limit of the control variable cool 0100	1.0	%	0
291	0x0123	Read-write	Maximal limit of the control variable cool 0100	1.0	%	100
292	0x0124	Read-write	Fan stage 1 ON threshold control variable heat 0100	1.0	%	5
293	0x0125	Read-write	Fan stage 2 ON threshold control variable heat 0100	1.0	%	35
294	0x0126	Read-write	Fan stage 3 ON threshold control variable heat 0100	1.0	%	70
295	0x0127	Read-write	Fan stage 1 ON threshold control variable cool 0100	1.0	%	5
296	0x0128	Read-write	Fan stage 2 ON threshold control variable cool 0100	1.0	%	35
297	0x0129	Read-write	Fan stage 3 ON threshold control variable cool 0100	1.0	%	70
298	0x012A	Read-write	Frost protection temperature threshold 50150 -> 5,015,0°C	0.1	°C	70
299	0x012B	Read-write	Change-Over Temperature Threshold for Heating 0500 -> 050,0°C	0.1	°C	300
300	0x012C	Read-write	Change-Over Temperature Threshold for Cooling 0500 -> 050,0°C In case temperature is in between both thresholds the last state will be maintained	0.1	°C	190
304	0x0130	Read-write	Valve type selection 0= ON-OFF (ON = Valve Open, OFF = Valve Closed) 1=PWM (0%= 0%PWM 100% = 100% PWM) 2= OFF-ON (OFF = Valve Open, ON = Valve Closed) 3= inverted PWM (0%= 100%PWM 100% = 0% PWM)			0

Inputs								
	Address	Access	Description	Resolution / Unit	Default			
336	0x0150	Read-write	Configuration external input 1  0 = No function  1 = Occupancy sensor (Open = Occupied)  2 = Occupancy sensor (Closed = Occupied)  3 = Window contact (Open = Window Open)  4 = Window contact (Closed = Window Open)  5 = Disable heating (Open = Heating disabled)  6 = Disable heating (Open = Heating Disabled)  7 = Disable cooling (Open = Disable Cooling)  8 = Disable cooling (Closed = Disable Cooling)  9 = Dew Point Sensor (Open = Dewpoint crossed, disable cooling)  10 = Dew Point Sensor (Closed = Dewpoint crossed, disable cooling)		0			
337	0x0151	Read-write	Configuration external input 2 0 = No function 1 = Occupancy sensor (Open = Occupied) 2= Occupancy sensor (Closed = Occupied) 3 = Window contact (Open = Window Open) 4 = Window contact (Closed = Window Open) 5 = Disable heating (Open = Heating disabled) 6 = Disable heating (Closed = Heating Disabled) 7 = Disable cooling (Open = Disable Cooling) 8 = Disable cooling (Closed = Disable Cooling) 9 = Dew Point Sensor (Open = Dewpoint crossed, disable cooling) 10 = Dew Point Sensor (Closed = Dewpoint crossed, disable cooling)		0			

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338	0x0152	Read-write	Configuration Sensor Input 0= none 1 = Change Over Temp sensor (NTC10K) 2 = Ext. Temp sensor (NTC10K) 3 = Temperature Limiter			0
339	0x0153	Read-write	<b>ESI (Energy Savings Input) - ON delay</b> ON delay for ESI. Delays Energy stop by n seconds	1.0	S	0
340	0x0154	Read-write	OCC input - OFF delay 065535 -> 065535 seconds	1.0	S	1800

	Address	Access	Description	Resolution	on / Unit	Default
512	0x0200	Read-write	Active fan speed setting 0 = OFF 1, 2, 3 = Stage 1, 2, 3 4 = Auto / DC-Fan			0
513	0x0201	Read-write	setpoint temperature 0500 -> 050,0°C			0
514	0x0202	Read-write	Controller Mode b0000 0000=FC182 off (Frost protection active), Comfort Mode 0b0000 0001= controller auto mode (heating&cooling), Comfort Mode 0b0000 0010= controller heating mode only, Comfort Mode 0b0000 0011= controller cooling mode only, Comfort Mode 0b0000 0100= ventilating (PI loop controls fan stages only, valves closed)  0b0001 0000= FC182 off (Frost protection active), ECO Mode 0b0001 0001= controller auto mode (heating&cooling), ECO Mode 0b0001 0010= controller heating mode only, ECO Mode 0b0001 0011= controller cooling mode only, ECO Mode 0b0001 0101= controller cooling mode only, ECO Mode 0b0001 0100= ventilating (PI loop controls fan stages only, valves closed)			0
515	0x0203	Read-write	Active Symbols  0x00= show none  0x01= show Leaf  0x02= show dew point  0x04= show frost protect ON  0x08= show open window  0x10= show Attention!  0x20= show hourglass  0x40= show lock  0x80= show ECO			0
516	0x0204	Read-only	<b>VA1 status</b> 0-1000 = 0 (Off)100% (On), e.g. 693 = 69,3% of PWM cycle time ON	0.1	%	0
517	0x0205	Read-only	<b>VA2 status</b> 0-1000 = 0 (Off)100% (On), e.g. 693 = 69,3% of PWM cycle	0.1	%	0

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# Mounting advice/ Dimensions (mm)

For installing or maintenance, please make sure the power is disconnected. Fix the thermostat base plate to the wall through the four screw holes with distance between axes of 60 mm. Fasten base plate and front cover. Do not press the panel in order to protect LCD.

